

Georgia
CRCT
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Social Studies All Areas Test 5

Fourth Grade Social Studies
Test

Geoff Chandler

Name: _____

Date: _____

Instructions:

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Use the table below to answer question 1.

NATURAL RESOURCES

REGION	MINERALS	FORESTS/ PLANTS	FISH/ WILDLIFE	FOSSIL FUELS
West	Zinc Lead	Cedar Birch	Salmon Tuna Deer	Oil
Southwest	Iron Copper	Oak Cacti	Shrimp Deer Rabbit	Natural Gas Oil
Midwest	Iron Copper	Maple Sunflower	Bass Deer	Oil Coal
Southeast	Iron	Pine Mangrove	Shrimp Bear	Coal Natural Gas
Northeast	Granite Copper	Fir Maple	Lobster Scallop Deer	Coal

1. Which region of the United States would probably have many people harvesting lobsters?
- A. Northeast
 - B. Southwest
 - C. Midwest
 - D. West
-

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2. The following are important events in the history of Georgia. What is the correct order of these events?

1. Georgia representatives sign the Declaration of Independence.
2. The King of England gives permission for James Oglethorpe to start a colony.
3. The Yamacraws settle in Georgia.
4. The settlement at Savannah is established.

- A. 2, 4, 1, 3
 - B. 4, 1, 3, 2
 - C. 3, 2, 4, 1
 - D. 1, 3, 2, 4
-

3. A person driving a car needs to be very responsible. Which of the following BEST describes the driver's responsibilities?

- A. The driver needs to know how to drive and the rules of driving.
 - B. The driver needs to know the rules of driving.
 - C. The driver needs to know how the car works.
 - D. The driver needs to know how to drive.
-

4. The way of living of Eastern Woodlands Native Americans depended on the resources in their area. This can be seen in their shelters, which were called longhouses. They were built from wood and bark. This type of shelter was common because

- A. other types of shelters cost too much to build.
 - B. the materials of wood and bark were available from the forest.
 - C. other types of shelters could not protect them.
 - D. the wood and bark could not be destroyed or damaged.
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5. The grain reaper changed farming in the 1830s. Farmers planted larger fields because they could be harvested by machine. The inventor of this machine was

- A. Peter Cooper.
 - B. Eli Whitney.
 - C. Robert Fulton.
 - D. Cyrus McCormick.
-

6. The main job of the governor of a state is to

- A. decide the meaning of laws.
 - B. enforce the laws.
 - C. make the laws.
 - D. write and file laws.
-

7. Federalism is the division of powers between the different levels of government—national, state, and local. Which of the following would be a power ONLY the federal government can do?

- A. declare war
 - B. build roads
 - C. tax people
 - D. provide schools
-

8. Which of the following statements best describes the life of the Native Americans of the Pacific Northwest?

- A. They hunted buffalo and deer on the plains.
 - B. They herded cattle and goats.
 - C. They fished along the coast, rivers, and lakes.
 - D. They grew corn and squash in the fields.
-

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9. During the Revolutionary War, some colonists were Loyalists while others were patriots. Explain the difference between a Loyalist and a patriot.

10. The Wilderness Trail was built by Daniel Boone and other settlers. They wanted to travel west to Kentucky. The trail was actually

- A. part of a path that had been built by the French.
- B. a Native American trail used for hunting and war parties.
- C. part of a trading path built by the English.
- D. a road of stone and rocks built on a dried up riverbed.

11. A group of people want the city to add more playground equipment to the city park. Which would be the MOST effective action they could take?

- A. destroying the playground equipment so that it has to be replaced
- B. placing signs at the playground asking for more equipment
- C. writing a letter to a business that makes playground equipment
- D. meeting with the city council and telling their views to the council members

12. In the 1700s, England had colonies along the east coast from New Hampshire to Georgia. Which country did England fight with the most to settle North America?

- A. Holland
 - B. Spain
 - C. Portugal
 - D. France
-

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13. The first group of settlers to arrive in Georgia in 1733 included adventurers, soldiers, and farmers. The next groups included people skilled in crafts and business. Which of the following is true?

- A. Most of the first settlers knew how to talk and work with the Native Americans.
 - B. The first settlers in Georgia were well-prepared for the difficulties of starting a new colony.
 - C. There were few debtors among the early settlers, even though helping debtors was one reason Georgia was started.
 - D. The people who first settled in Georgia were picked because they had already been to the Americas.
-

14. During the Revolutionary War, there was very little fighting in the winter months. Which of the following explanations BEST explains why?

- A. Most British troops returned to England during the winter.
 - B. The armies agreed not to fight in the winter.
 - C. The weather made it difficult for troops to move.
 - D. British troops used the winter for training.
-

15. During the 1400s, 1500s, and 1600s, people from Spain, Portugal, England, France, and the Netherlands started settlements in the “New World.”

Name ONE country that started colonies in North America and tell where they were located.

Name ONE country that started colonies in South America and tell where they were located.

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16. In 1774, leaders from all of the colonies except Georgia met in Philadelphia at the First Continental Congress. Which of the following BEST describes how most of the leaders felt?

- A. They did not want to declare independence.
 - B. They wanted to get help from France.
 - C. They did not want to return to Great Britain.
 - D. They wanted to accept the high taxes.
-

17. Why were Crispus Attucks and Nathan Hale well-known people at the time of the American Revolution?

- A. They both served in the Continental Congress.
 - B. They both served as governors of colonies.
 - C. They both led armies into battle.
 - D. They both died for the cause of independence.
-

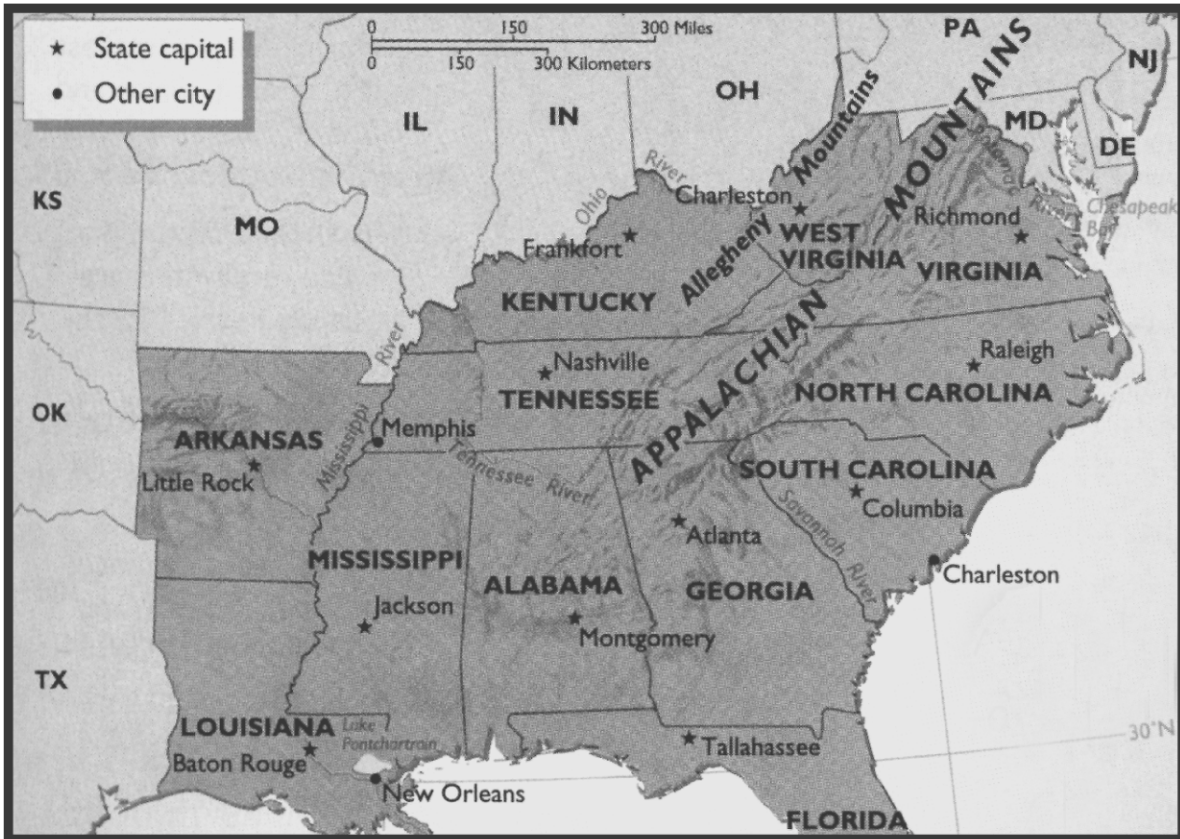
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Use the map below to answer question 18.



18. According to the map, how far is it from Montgomery, Alabama, to Atlanta, Georgia?

- A. 150 miles
 - B. 300 miles
 - C. 450 miles
 - D. 600 miles
-

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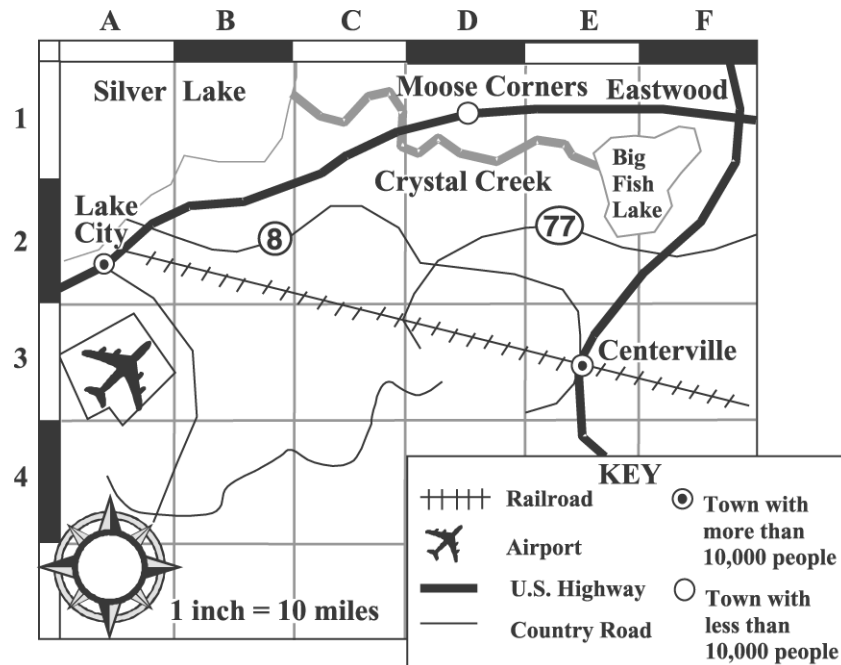
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19. The United States won its independence from Great Britain in 1783. At that time, there were thirteen states. Land won in the war soon became states. The fourteenth and fifteenth states were

- A. Vermont and Kentucky.
- B. Kentucky and North Carolina.
- C. New Hampshire and Vermont.
- D. Massachusetts and Delaware.

Use the map below to answer question 20.



20. What is located in grid square F-3?

- A. an airport
- B. part of a railroad
- C. part of a county road
- D. a town with less than 10,000 people

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Use the chart below to answer question 21.

Climate	Landforms
rainy moderate	mountain ranges
arid (dry) hot days/cool nights	desert
arid to west humid to east, cold winters	plains
humid mild winters hot summers	coastal plains mountains
humid cold winters hot summers	mountains coastal plains

21. Look at the chart of climate and landforms above. The chart is categorized according to the five geographic regions of the United States, but the regions are not shown. Based on the information in the chart, which of the following climates and landforms best represents the Southeast?

- A. humid plains
- B. arid deserts
- C. humid coastal plains
- D. rainy mountain ranges

22. The early 1800s saw many technological advances in the United States. An important technological advance in communication at that time was the

- A. telephone.
 - B. computer.
 - C. telegraph.
 - D. radio.
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